

## TYPE 2 DIABETES





On average, Latinos are more likely to have prediabetes and type 2 diabetes than non-Hispanic whites, and they're more likely to develop it at a younger age. Prediabetes means your blood sugar levels are higher than normal, but not high enough to be considered type 2 diabetes. According to the **CDC**, US adults have a 40% chance of developing type 2 diabetes, while Latino American adults have more than a 50% chance.



Within the Latino community, there are differences in risk.
Those from a Puerto Rican background are around twice as likely to have type 2 diabetes as someone from South America. (CDC)



Latinos can
experience more
severe complications
related to diabetes,
including higher rates
of kidney failure and
vision loss (Baptist
Health)



Weight and level of physical activity are also risk factors. Latinos are more likely to be obese than non-Hispanic whites (Office of Minority Health), and obesity is linked to type 2 diabetes. Increasing physical activity often helps with the weight loss providers may recommend to those with prediabetes or type 2 diabetes.